

THINGS TO BRING:

- · Your old running shoes in order to determine wear patterns
- Socks worn during exercise
- Any orthotics or inserts that you may use
- An open mind!

THINGS TO CONSIDER:

- The printed size and the actual fit are different
- up a half or full size from dress shoe size With running shoes, you'll probably go
- type: not every style will work for every foot Running shoes are designed to fit the foot
- There is no brand we carry that is 'better' than the other; the best shoe will be the one that properly fits you!
- Fashion has NO effect on the fit of the shoe

ANN ARBOR WESTSIDE HQ

5700 Jackson Rd. 734.929.9022

Mon.-Fri. 9:00-8:00

Sat. 9:00-6:00 • Sun: 12:00-5:00

ANN ARBOR DOWNTOWN

123 E. Liberty 734.769.5016

Sat. 9:30-6:00 • Sun: 12:00-5:00 Mon.-Fri. 9:30-8:00

NORTHVILLE

Northville Village Center 17783-C Haggerty Rd. 248.380.3338

Mon.-Fri. 9:00-9:00

Sat. 10:00-8:00 • Sun: 12:00-5:00

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43280 11 Mile Road **Novi Town Center** 248.347.4949

Sat. 10:00-8:00 • Sun: 12:00-5:00 Mon.-Fri. 10:00-9:00

WEST BLOOMFIELD

6623 Orchard Lake Rd. Shops at Old Orchard 248.626.5451

Sat. 10:00-6:00 • Sun: 12:00-5:00 Mon.-Fri. 10:00-8:00

TRAVERSE CITY DOWNTOWN 300 E. Front St.

231.932.5401

Mon.-Fri. 10:00-8:00

Sat. 10:00-6:00 • Sun: 12:00-5:00

Across from Grand Traverse Mall TRAVERSE CITY

3301 S. Airport Rd. 231.933.9242

Mon.-Fri. 10:00-8:00

Sat. 10:00-6:00 • Sun: 12:00-5:00



www.shoprunningfit.com www.runningfit.com



DETERMINING YOUR FOOT TYPE

Don't be intimidated - we are here to help! that the shoes you purchase match the characteristics and biomechanical needs of your feet. The first step in choosing the right shoe for you is to determine your foot type. This will ensure

for normal-arched feet that pronate. Motion control shoes correct the inward rotation of flexible shoes work best with high-arched feet that under-pronate. Stability shoes provide better support low-arched and flat feet. Once your type has been determined, the correct footwear category can be established. Neutral your foot type. There are 3 foot types; high-arched, normal-arched and low-arched/flat. When you come into a Running Fit store, our shoe experts analyze your feet to determine

shoe that fits, feels and performs the best for you! bio-mechanics. You will compare many different brands in the correct category in order to find the The experts at Running Fit will help you find the best shoe for your lower extremity anatomy and

Running Fit even lets you test-drive your new shoes for a week! Just save the box and the Running Fit receipt and be sure to test your new shoes indoors on a clean surface!



THE HIGH ARCHED FOOT

High Arch, Under-Pronation

showing a very narrow band connecting the forefoot and heel. **Description**: A high arched foot leaves an imprint

erally called supinated or under-pronated. does not effectively absorb shock. This foot usually does not pronate enough, so it Characteristics: A curved, high arched foot is gen-

Best Last: Curved or semi-curved

ity shoes as they might force the foot outward midsoles; stay away from motion control and stabil-Recommended: Neutral shoes with single density

Choose footwear from the following brands:

Nike, Asics, Brooks, Saucony, New Balance, Adidas, Mizuno, K-Swiss, Zoot

Normal Arch, Normal-Pronation THE NORMAL FOOT

and it leaves an imprint showing a forefoot that Description: A normal foot has a medium arch, flares but is connected to the heel by a wide band.

slightly to absorb shock. Runners with normal feet chanically efficient and should wear stability shoes and normal weight are usually considered biomeoutside of the heel, then rolls inward (pronates) Characteristics: A normal foot lands on the

Best Last: Semi-curved

and solid heel counters. control features, such as a two-density midsole Recommended: Stability shoes with moderate



We also carry:

Orthotics

Micro-fiber socks Orthotic sandals and flip-flops

Minimalist footwear Compression socks

Vibram Five-Fingers



THE FLAT FOOT

Low Arch, Over-Pronation

none at all, and it leaves a nearly complete imprint including the forefoot, arch and heel. **Description:** A flat foot has either a low arch or

this can cause many different injuries. heel and rolls inward excessively. If unchecked, over-pronated toot that strikes on the outside of the Characteristics: This imprint usually indicates an

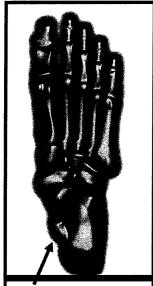
Best Last: Straight

Recommended: Motion control shoes or stability trol features that reduce the degree of pronation. shoes with firm multiple density midsoles and con-

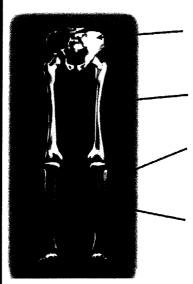


5700 Jackson Rd. Ann Arbor, MI 48103 (734) 929-9027

Superfeet Regional Sales Training Workshop



The Foot 26 + 2 Bones



THE PELVIS (Hip)

Craule to hold the Upper Body

THE FEMUR (Thigh Bone)

The largest bone in the body

THE TIBIA (Shin Bone)

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THE FIBULA (Think Coat Hanger)

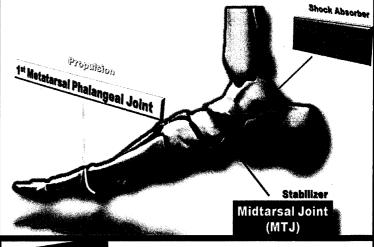
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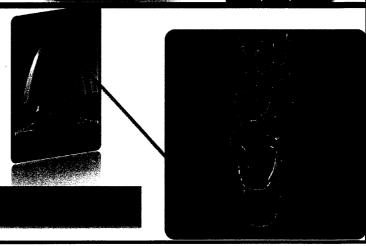
The Foot:

- 1/4 bones in body in feet
- Few people born with foot problems but 75% will have problem
- 33 Joints
- 19 Intrinsic Muscles/ Tendons (muscle to bone)
- 112 Ligaments (bone to bone)

The Arch:

- Cannot be self supporting until the keystone is in place
- MTJ = keystone of the human arch
- Bone Structure not Muscle holds up the arch





Superfeet Regional Sales Training Workshop

Foot has 2 basic functions:

- 1. Rigid Lever (bear weight and propel forward) think pole vault
- 2. Mobile Adaptor (adjust to uneven terrain and absorb shock) think bag of bones Foot Motion:
- 1. Supination (Rigid lever): consists of AD-duction, plantarflexion and inversion
- 2. Pronation (Mobile adapter): consists of AB-duction, dorsiflexion and eversion
- * Every foot pronates & everybody supinates, but excessive motion alters biomechanical timing! Biomechanics is all about TIMING!

The Gait Cycle **Two Components:** Heel contact to Stance Phase: ~60% heel contact for a Swing Phase: ~40% given foot Timing? **Propulsion?** MTJ Function? Midstance phase 100% 25% 75% STJ STJ Pronating STJ Supinating Supinated Midstance Contact 0% Heel contac **Propulsion Power**

- 65-70° ROM need for Big Toe function at toe off
- You can either go "Through it" or "Around it"
- Stable STJ & MTJ = more range of motion in Big Toe

